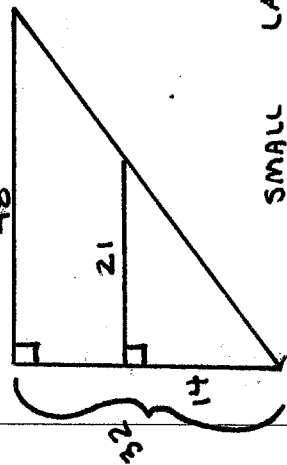


Notes from Teacher Instruction

EXAMPLE



SMALL      LARGE

$$\frac{14}{21} = \frac{32}{48}$$

HEIGHT      BASE

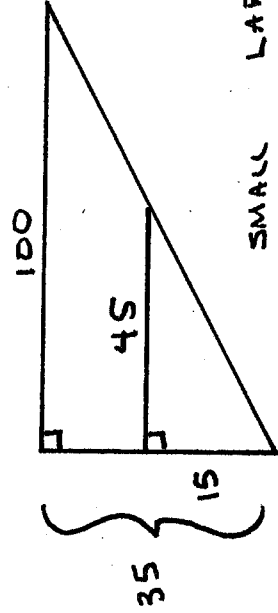
$$(21)(32) \stackrel{?}{=} (48)(14)$$

$$672 = 672$$

BECAUSE THE CROSS PRODUCTS ARE EQUAL, THE  $\Delta$ S ARE PROPORTIONAL & THE 3 POINTS ARE COLLINEAR.

THEY ARE ON COURSE.

COUNTER - EXAMPLE



SMALL      LARGE

$$\frac{15}{45} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{35}{100}$$

HEIGHT      BASE

$$(45)(35) \stackrel{?}{=} (100)(15)$$

$$1575 \neq 1500$$

BECAUSE THE CROSS PRODUCTS ARE NOT EQUAL, THE  $\Delta$ S ARE NOT PROPORTIONAL & THE 3 POINTS ARE NOT COLLINEAR.

THEY ARE OFF COURSE.

